(1) Timeliness of claim processing;
(2) Cost per claim;
(3) Claim processing quality;
(4) Experience in claim processing, and in establishing local medical review policy; and
(5) Other criteria that HCFA believes to be pertinent.

(e) *Carrier designation.* (1) Each carrier designated a regional carrier is responsible, using the payment rates applicable for the State of residence of a beneficiary, including a qualified Railroad Retirement beneficiary, for processing claims for items listed in paragraph (b) of this section for beneficiaries whose permanent residence is within the area designated in paragraph (c) of this section. A beneficiary's permanent residence is the address at which he or she intends to spend 6 months or more of the calendar year.

(2) The regional carriers designated to process DMEPOS claims (as defined in paragraph (b) of this section) for all Medicare beneficiaries residing in their respective regions (as designated in paragraph (c) of this section), including those entitled under the Railroad Retirement Act, are the following:

(i) The Travelers Insurance Company (Region A), which will be processing claims in Pennsylvania.

(ii) Associated Insurance Companies, Inc.—AdminaStar (Region B), which will be processing claims in Indiana.

(iii) Blue Cross and Blue Shield of South Carolina (doing business as Palmetto Governments Benefits Administrators) (Region C), which will be processing claims in South Carolina.

(iv) Connecticut General Life Insurance Co. (a CIGNA Company) (Region D), which will be processing claims in Tennessee.

(3) Blue Cross and Blue Shield of South Carolina (Palmetto Government Benefits Administrators) has been selected to serve as the National Supplier Clearinghouse and the Statistical Analysis DME regional carrier.

(4) The contracts for the four DME regional carriers will be periodically recompeted. The National Supplier Clearinghouse and Statistical Analysis DME regional carrier do not constitute separate contracts, but are contract amendments to one of the DME regional carrier contracts. The National Supplier Clearinghouse and Statistical Analysis DME regional carrier contract amendments will also be periodically recompeted.

(f) *Collecting information of ownership.* Carriers designated as regional claims processors must obtain from each supplier of items listed in paragraph (b) of this section information concerning ownership and control as required by section 1124A of the Act and part 420 of this chapter, and certifications that supplier standards are met as required by part 424 of this chapter.

[57 FR 27307, June 18, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 60796, Nov. 18, 1993]

§ 421.212 Railroad Retirement Board contracts.

In accordance with this subpart C, the Railroad Retirement Board contracts with DMEPOS regional carriers designated by HCFA, as set forth in § 421.210(e)(2), for processing claims for Medicare-eligible Railroad Retirement beneficiaries, for the same contract period as the contracts entered into between HCFA and the DMEPOS regional carriers.

[58 FR 60797, Nov. 18, 1993]

§ 421.214 Advance payments to suppliers furnishing items or services under Part B.

(a) *Scope and applicability.* This section provides for the following:

(1) Sets forth requirements and procedures for the issuance and recovery of advance payments to suppliers of Part B services and the rights and responsibilities of suppliers under the payment and recovery process.

(2) Does not limit HCFA's right to recover unadjusted advance payment balances.

(3) Does not affect suppliers' appeal rights under part 405, subpart H of this chapter relating to substantive determinations on suppliers' claims.

(4) Does not apply to claims for Part B services furnished by suppliers that have in effect provider agreements under section 1866 of the Act and part 489 of this chapter, and are paid by intermediaries.

(b) *Definition.* As used in this section, *advance payment* means a conditional partial payment made by the carrier in

response to a claim that it is unable to process within established time limits.

(c) *When advance payments may be made.* An advance payment may be made if all of the following conditions are met:

(1) The carrier is unable to process the claim timely.

(2) HCFA determines that the prompt payment interest provision specified in section 1842(c) of the Act is insufficient to make a claimant whole.

(3) HCFA approves, in writing to the carrier, the making of an advance payment by the carrier.

(d) *When advance payments are not made.* Advance payments are not made to any supplier that meets any of the following conditions:

(1) Is delinquent in repaying a Medicare overpayment.

(2) Has been advised of being under active medical review or program integrity investigation.

(3) Has not submitted any claims.

(4) Has not accepted claims' assignments within the most recent 180-day period preceding the system malfunction.

(e) *Requirements for suppliers.* (1) Except as provided for in paragraph (g)(1) of this section, a supplier must request, in writing to the carrier, an advance payment for Part B services it furnished.

(2) A supplier must accept an advance payment as a conditional payment subject to adjustment, recoupment, or both, based on an eventual determination of the actual amount due on the claim and subject to the provisions of this section.

(f) *Requirements for carriers.* (1) A carrier must notify a supplier as soon as it is determined that payment will not be made in a timely manner, and an advance payment option is to be offered to the supplier.

(i) A carrier must calculate an advance payment for a particular claim at no more than 80 percent of the anticipated payment for that claim based upon the historical assigned claims payment data for claims paid the supplier.

(ii) ''Historical data'' are defined as a representative 90-day assigned claims payment trend within the most recent 180-day experience before the system malfunction.

(iii) Based on this amount and the number of claims pending for the supplier, the carrier must determine and issue advance payments.

(iv) If historical data are not available or if backlogged claims cannot be identified, the carrier must determine and issue advance payments based on some other methodology approved by HCFA.

(v) Advance payments can be made no more frequently than once every 2 weeks to a supplier.

(2) Generally, a supplier will not receive advance payments for more assigned claims than were paid, on a daily average, for the 90-day period before the system malfunction.

(3) A carrier must recover an advance payment by applying it against the amount due on the claim on which the advance was made. If the advance payment exceeds the Medicare payment amount, the carrier must apply the unadjusted balance of the advance payment against future Medicare payments due the supplier.

(4) In accordance with HCFA instructions, a carrier must maintain a financial system of data in accordance with the Statement of Federal Financial Accounting Standards for tracking each advance payment and its recoupment.

(g) *Requirements for HCFA.* (1) In accordance with the provisions of this section, HCFA may determine that circumstances warrant the issuance of advance payments to all affected suppliers furnishing Part B services. HCFA may waive the requirement in paragraph (e)(1) of this section as part of that determination.

(2) If adjusting Medicare payments fails to recover an advance payment, HCFA may authorize the use of any other recoupment method available (for example, lump sum repayment or an extended repayment schedule) including, upon written notice from the carrier to the supplier, converting any unpaid balances of advance payments to overpayments. Overpayments are recovered in accordance with part 401, subpart F of this chapter concerning claims collection and compromise and part 405, subpart C of this chapter concerning recovery of overpayments.

(h) *Prompt payment interest.* An advance payment is a ''payment'' under section 1842(c)(2)(C) of the Act for purposes of meeting the time limit for the payment of clean claims, to the extent of the advance payment.

(i) *Notice, review, and appeal rights.* (1) The decision to advance payments and the determination of the amount of any advance payment are committed to HCFA's discretion and are not subject to review or appeal.

(2) The carrier must notify the supplier receiving an advance payment about the amounts advanced and recouped and how any Medicare payment amounts have been adjusted.

(3) The supplier may request an administrative review from the carrier if it believes the carrier's reconciliation of the amounts advanced and recouped is incorrectly computed. If a review is requested, the carrier must provide a written explanation of the adjustments.

(4) The review and explanation described in paragraph (i)(3) of this section is separate from a supplier's right to appeal the amount and computation of benefits paid on the claim, as provided at part 405, subpart H of this chapter. The carrier's reconciliation of amounts advanced and recouped is not an initial determination as defined at §405.803 of this chapter, and any written explanation of a reconciliation is not subject to further administrative review.

[61 FR 49275, Sept. 19, 1996]

PART 422—MEDICARE+CHOICE PROGRAM

Subpart A—General Provisions

Subpart B—Eligibility, Election, and Enrollment

Subpart C—Benefits and Beneficiary Protections

Subpart D—Quality Assurance

Subpart E—Relationships With Providers